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## Warranty

We warrant this product against defects in materials or workmanship for a period of three (3) years from the date of purchase.

In the event of a defect during the warranty period, the unit should be returned, freight (and all duties and taxes) prepaid by the Buyer to the authorised distributor from where the unit was purchased.

The Distributor, at its option, will repair or replace the defective unit. The unit will be returned to the Buyer with freight charges prepaid by the distributor.

## LIMITATION OF WARRANTY

The foregoing warranty shall not apply to defects resulting from:

1. Improper or inadequate maintenance by the buyer.
2. Unauthorised modification or misuse.
3. Operation outside the environmental specification of the product.
4. Mishandling or abuse.

The warranty set forth above is exclusive and no other warranty, whether written or oral is expressed or implied. We specifically disclaim the implied warranties of merchantability and fitness for a particular purpose.

## EXCLUSIVE REMEDIES

The remedies provided herein are the buyer's sole and exclusive remedies.
In no event shall we be liable for direct, indirect, incidental or consequential damages (including loss of profits) whether based on contract, tort or any other legal theory.

## Warnings

Please carefully read this manual and all warnings. Install the meter ONLY when you are sure that you've covered all aspects.


Where the product is intended for "UL" installations, removal or addition of option boards is not permitted.


Check that the model number and supply voltage suit your application before you install the meter.


Connect the meter according to current IEE regulations, IEC61010 \& NFPA:70 National Electric Code in USA.

Power supplies to this equipment must have anti-surge (T) fuses rated at 400 mA for 230 V supply, 400 mA for 110 V supply or 2 A for DC supplies in the range 11-30VDC.


Don't touch any circuitry after you have connected the meter, because there may be lethal voltages on the circuit board.


Do not apply power to the display if its case is open.

Only adjust on-board switches or connections with the power turned off.

Make sure all screw terminals are tight before you switch the meter on.


Only clean the meter's front with a soft damp cloth. Only lightly dampen with water. Do not use any other solvents.

## Rear case screws - please note

The rear panel is held in place with socket flange button head screws, which only need to be gently tightened, with the supplied 2 mm hex key.
Do not use tools to tighten or loosen the screws, as this could cause damage to the internal threads.

## Introduction

Please contact us if you need help, if you have a complaint, or if you have suggestions to help us improve our products or services.

If you contact us about a product you already have, please tell us the full model number and serial number, so that we can give you accurate and fast help.

This product has a 3 year warranty. We will put right or replace any meter which is faulty because of bad workmanship or materials.

This warranty does not cover damage caused by misuse or accident. If you return a unit for repair, you must fill in the RMA form on our website, please include a detailed description of the problem, and the name of a contact who we can refer to for any questions. Please mark for the attention of the QA Department.

We always try to improve our products and services, so these may change over time. You should keep this manual safely, because future manuals, for new designs, may not describe this product accurately.

We believe these instructions are accurate, and that we have competently designed and manufactured the product, but please let us know if you find any errors.

## General Description

This series of meters accepts industrial sensors to allow various physical measurements to be made, such a weight, temperature, pressure, humidity etc. Different models are available for different sensor types.

The main function of this series is to give a numeric readout of the variable being monitored. Most models include an excitation power output, to power the sensor directly.

Various digit heights are available, to suit the maximum viewing distance required in each installation.

Various optional output modules are also available to give alarm relay outputs, analogue output or digital communications, or any combination of these options.

Displays are programmed using front panel push buttons. The front panel buttons can be disabled. In addition, you can connect 4 remote wired push buttons to the display, so that you can make adjustments while the display is mounted in an inaccessible location.

Power supply options : 95-265V AC, 48V AC or 11-30VDC
These displays must be installed fully assembled, and must be installed according to local electrical installation rules.

When properly installed, and provided they have been ordered with cable glands exiting the lower surface of the case, they provide ingress protection to IP65 / NEMA4X from all directions.

## Safety

Caution: There is a risk of electrical shock if this instrument is not properly installed


Caution: Risk of danger: Read the whole manual before you install this meter

Obey all safety warnings in this manual, and install the meter according to local wiring and installation regulations. Failure to follow these guidelines may cause damage to the meter, connected equipment, or may be harmful to personnel.

Any moving mechanical device controlled by this equipment must have suitable access guards to prevent injury to personnel if the meter should fail.

## Suspension Mounting Dimensions



| Display Format | X mm | H mm | W mm | Y mm |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2" 4 digit numeric | 219.5 | 154.5 | 279.5 | 249.5 |
| 2" 6 digit numeric | 316 | 154.5 | 376 | 346 |
| 4" 4 digit numeric | 374 | 195.5 | 434 | 404 |
| 4" 6 digit numeric | 556 | 195.5 | 616 | 586 |
| 6" 4 digit | 520 | 246 | 580 | 550 |
| 6" 6 digit | 760 | 246 | 820 | 790 |
| 8" 4 digit | 690 | 290 | 750 | 720 |
| 8" 6 digit | 1012 | 290 | 1072 | 1042 |
| 12" 4 digit | 990 | 408 | 1050 | 1020 |
| 12" 6 digit | 1480 | 408 | 1540 | 1510 |
| 16" 4 digit | 1308 | 515 | 1368 | 1338 |
| 16 " 6 digit | 1960 | 515 | 2020 | 1990 |

## Wall Mounting Dimensions



| Display Format | X mm | H mm | W mm |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2" 4 digit numeric | 266.5 | 154.5 | 279.5 |
| 2" 6 digit numeric | 363 | 154.5 | 376 |
| 4" 4 digit numeric | 421 | 195.5 | 434 |
| 4" 6 digit numeric | 603 | 195.5 | 616 |
| 6" 4 digit | 567 | 246 | 580 |
| 6" 6 digit | 807 | 246 | 820 |
| 8" 4 digit | 737 | 290 | 750 |
| 8" 6 digit | 1059 | 290 | 1072 |
| 12" 4 digit | 1037 | 408 | 1050 |
| 12" 6 digit | 1527 | 408 | 1540 |
| 16" 4 digit | 1355 | 515 | 1368 |
| 16" 6 digit | 2007 | 515 | 2020 |

## Panel Mounting Dimensions



Detail showing bracket hardware fitting sequence
Panel cutout dimensions
$A+3 \mathrm{~mm}(\mathrm{~h}) \times \mathrm{B}+3 \mathrm{~mm}(\mathrm{w})$


| Display Format | H mm | A mm | B mm | Wmm |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2" 4 digit numeric | 172.5 | 154.5 | 279.5 | 297.5 |
| 2" 6 digit numeric | 172.5 | 154.5 | 376 | 394 |
| 4" 4 digit numeric | 213.5 | 195.5 | 434 | 452 |
| 4" 6 digit numeric | 213.5 | 195.5 | 616 | 634 |
| 6" 4 digit | 264 | 246 | 580 | 598 |
| 6" 6 digit | 264 | 246 | 820 | 838 |
| 8" 4 digit | 308 | 290 | 750 | 768 |
| 8" 6 digit | 308 | 290 | 1072 | 1090 |
| 12" 4 digit | 426 | 408 | 1050 | 1068 |
| 12" 6 digit | 426 | 408 | 1540 | 1558 |
| 16" 4 digit | 533 | 515 | 1368 | 1386 |
| 16" 6 digit | 533 | 515 | 2020 | 2038 |

## Connections



## Warning:

Disconnect all power before removing the rear of the display

There is a wide range of possible locations for the input board, output board and power supply board/s. Their locations depend on the height of digits, number of digits, brightness of digits and any installed options. Because the permutation of possible locations is large, we will not describe the location of boards within the display, but simply identify the connectors and their functions on each board, below ...


## Connections



## Warning:

Disconnect all power before removing the rear of the display


## Remote programming button connector

On one of the display boards, you will find a 7 way connector, to which you can wire remote programming buttons, to allow adjustment of the display's settings when the display is inaccessible.

You can also enable or disable the display's front panel buttons, either by a remote contact closure, or by an on-board push-on jumper switch, which is located near to the remote button connector. When the contact is closed, or the push-on switch fitted, the front buttons are enabled.


## Rear case screws - please note

The rear panel is held in place with socket flange button head screws, which only need to be gently tightened, with the supplied 2 mm hex key.
Do not use tools to tighten or loosen the screws, as this could cause damage to the internal threads.

## Installation Hints For Best Performance

This section offers several suggestions which will help you get the best performance from your measurement system.

Some sensors generate comparatively small signals which can easily be corrupted by the potentially high level of electrical noise which can be created by electrical machinery such as motors, welding systems, discharge lighting, AC power inverters and solenoids. These steps will ensure you get the best possible performance from your system.

1. Use good quality screened signal cable, with twisted pairs. Belden 8777 NH , Belden 9503 and AlphaWire 6010C are good choices, available from many electrical distributors.
2. If you are using multi-pair twisted cable, each pair should be dedicated to a single display as shown opposite, for maximum noise immunity. This will ensure that any electrical noise induced in the cable is properly cancelled. Mixing destinations carelessly amongst the twisted pairs can actually worsen noise performance.
3. The cable should be routed away from noisy wiring and devices such as power feeds from inverters, discharge-lighting cables, welder cabling etc, and should preferably be routed in a dedicated low voltage signalling/instrumentation conduit or cable tray.
4. Screened cable should be earthed at the display end only.
5. All wires and screens coming out of the screened cable should be kept as short as possible to minimise pickup of noise.
6. If you are using barriers, you should earth your screen as shown below, paying particular care that you do not earth both ends of any run of of cable.

When using multi-core screened cable to connect several displays to several sensors, please be sure to use one twisted pair for
each display and sensor.
Do NOT use a wire from one pair for signal positive and a wire from another pair for signal negative, as this will prevent the
twisted cables form cancelling any induced electrical noise, and can couple noise from one channel to another.


## 48V AC Power Wiring Option



## Display Brightness

You can adjust the display brightness at any time, provided the display is locked.


Did you know, we make this display in two brightness versions?
Standard brightness for use inside, and Daylight Viewing for use outside in direct sunlight. The Daylight Viewing version has suffix -DLV in its part number.

## Input Signal Configuration

Each of the display's 4 inputs can be configured to accept different types of input signals, using the procedure below....


Display shows input channel choices...
INP I Input 1
INP 2 Input 2
INP $\exists$ Input 3
Press to scroll through the available input channel choices and press OK to select.
IMP 4 Input 4

$\begin{array}{ll}\text { DC. IM } & \text { DC pulses from } 5 \text { to } 60 \mathrm{~V} \\ \text { IMDU } & \text { Passive inductive sensors }\end{array}$
HE. IN AC signals up to 60V
Display shows input signal type choices...

Display shows input signal loading choices...

MPM Pull up resistor activated
PMP Pull down resistor activated

Display shows input de-bounce choices...
DB. I Contact debounce active
PB. © Contact debounce inactive

Continued ...

## Input Signal Configuration - Continued



## Input Signal Configuration Guide

This table tells you which settings to choose for each input signal type. The sensor should be connected to the display according to the connection diagram page.

| Sensor family | Input Signal Type | Input signal loading | Input de-bounce |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Contact closure | PLILS.0L | MPY | OBM. OM |
| NPN | PLILS.0L | MPM | DGM. OFF |
| PNP/ Push-pull | PLiLS. Di | PMP | DGM. OFF |
| TTL | PLILS. DI | MPM | DGM. OFF |
| CMOS | PLILS. DL | PMP | DGM. OFF |
| Passive coil | MMDUT | PMP | DGM. OFF |
| AC Tacho | Plily. 5 | PMP | DSM. OFF |

Excitation Output: 24VDC nominal rated at 60 mA , to power sensors (standard) 10 V DC at 120 mA Max (optional), 5 V DC at 30 mA max (optional)

Signal I/P \& Excitation


Signal I/P \& Excitation


## Display Modes

You can choose from eleven basic display modes, some of which have extra submodes.


## Factory Defaults

You can return the display to its factory default conditions whenever you wish. If you do so, you will permanently loose all your settings and will need to start from the beginning again.

The calibration Audit Counter will NOT be reset, there is no way provided to reset this value, as it is intended as a secure record to indicate whether changes have been made to the display since it was last calibrated..


## Calibration Audit Number

Your display includes a non-resettable counter which increments each time you make a change to the display's calibration. This is useful if you want to check whether a display has been altered since it was last calibrated.

The Calibration audit number starts at [L. I I up to [L. FF allowing up to 255 alterations to be recorded. Whenever you want to check the calibration audit number, press and hold the 2 outer buttons (Set1 + Alarms) for more than 3 seconds.


## Simple Rate Mode

Rate mode is ideal for showing instantaneous speed, RPM, frequency, production rate, flow rate etc. For production rate showing the true number of items produced in the last hour, consider using our 'Production Rate Mode' method, which is ideal for production which is erratic or has periods of widely differing production rate.


You can move the decimal point during setting by pressing the UP button for a few seconds, then repeatedly press to shift the position.


Continued ...

## Simple Rate Mode - Continued



## Application Notes - Rate Mode



Ideal for the precision measurement of generator or inverter grid frequency.

A simple step down transformer can be used to drop the line voltage down to a level suitable for the display.

5 V to 30 V AC is ideal.


Set FR. $1 \mathrm{M}=1$
Set DISP $=1.000$
Set RU. 04
Set DLDE

Accepts pulses from turbine flowmeters, positive displacement flowmeters.

Has flexible scaling to suit any relationship between pulses per unit volume.

Example 143 pulses per litre, show litres per minute


Set FR. IN = 2.3833
Set DISP $=60.000$
Set RU. 04
Set DLOJ

## Period Mode

Rate mode is ideal for showing instantaneous speed, RPM, frequency, production rate, flow rate etc. For production rate showing the true number of items produced in the last hour, consider using our 'Binned Rate' method, which is ideal for production which is erratic or has periods of widely differing production rate.


You can move the decimal point during setting by pressing the UP button for a few seconds, then repeatedly press to shift the position.


You can move the decimal point during setting by pressing the UP button for a few seconds, then repeatedly press to shift the position.


## Application Notes - Period Mode

## Bake timer



Set PER. $1=255$
Set DISP $=36.0$
Set RU. 04
Set DLOB

The period mode measures the time between the falling edges of Input 1, and updates at each edge. If we set "PER. I" = 1 and "DISP" $=1.000$ we will be able to measure mS to 3 decimal places.



## Totalising Modes

There are several useful totalising modes available, which use 1 or more of the display's logic input ports. The total will be stored on loss of power, and will be restored when power is returned to the display.
 then repeatedly press to shift the position.


You can move the decimal pc.... uring setting by pressing the UP button for a few seconds, then repeatedly press to shift the position. A negative value will give down counting.


PR.LE will appear, prompting you to enter a value, if required. You can preload a count number here. This value will disappear if you reset the display.


## Totalising Modes - Application Notes

The 8 totalising modes are ideal for counting pulses, where 1 pulse $=1$ item, or the total can be scaled, for example to show total flow of liquid, where 1 pulse may represent a certain volume of liquid according to the relationship between "IMP.P" and "DI5P"

## TOT

## Totaliser (simple)

Pulses on input 1 are counted and scaled.


## पा .T

## Gated Totaliser

Pulses on input 1 are counted and scaled, provided Input 2 is low. When input 2 is held high, pulses on Input 1 are ignored.

Signal I/P \& Excitation


## II.U.D

1 input, Up/Down totaliser
Pulses on input 1 are counted and scaled.
When input 2 is held high, pulses on Input 1 are added.
When input 2 is held low, pulses on Input 1 are subtracted.
Signal I/P \& Excitation


## ㄹ. U.D. ㄹ. U.U. UUOD UUU OUCD

Multi input, Up/Down totaliser
2i u.d. = Count up on input1, count down on input 2
2i u.u. = Count up on input1, count up on input 2
4i u.d. = Count up on input1\&2, count down on input

Signal I/P \& Excitation
 $3 \& 4$ uuuu $=$ Count up on input1, 2,3 and 4 dddd = Count down on input1, 2,3 and 4

## Production Rate Mode

In this mode four inputs are available, two can add to give a combined total, and two can subtract to give combined rejects. This mode of rate measurement is ideal for showing real production rates over longer periods, for example showing items per hour, for the previous hour, updated every 15 seconds, 5 minutes, or whatever best suits your process.
1


Press to scroll through the available mode choices. Select UUDC. and press OK

IMP.P will appear, prompting you to enter a number of pulses, normally set to 1 .


PR.LD will appear, prompting you to enter a value to pre-load the counter with. Normally set to 0

BIM.T will appear, prompting you to enter a value in seconds for the bin time. Default is 10 . This is the display's update time in seconds. See opposite for a guide how to choose the best value.

Continued ...

## Production Rate Mode - Continued



## Production Rate Mode - Application Notes

1. Choose an averaging time, in seconds, you want to use for computing your production rate.

For example if you want to average over 45 minutes, your averaging time will be 2700 seconds.

We need to calculate an update time for your display, we will have up to 200 samples available in your averaging period.

Update time $=2700 / 200=13.5$
Round this up to the nearest whole number.
This is set in the variable bin.t $=14$
Set bin.c = 200
This means that your display will update every 14 seconds in this case.

> NB If your averaging time is less than 3 minutes, please use the formula Update time $=$ averaging time $/ 20$, round up to nearest whole number = bin.t Set bin. $C=20$
2. We now need to set a scale factor so that your display reads correctly in items per hour, per minute or per second.

The scale factor settings will be....

| For items per second | $=$ SCAL $=1 / \mathrm{bin} . \mathrm{t}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| For items per minute | $=$ SCAL $=60 / \mathrm{bin} . \mathrm{t}$ |
| For items per hour | $=$ SCAL $=3600 / \mathrm{bin} . \mathrm{t}$ |
| For items per shift | $=$ SCAL $=28800 / \mathrm{bin} . \mathrm{t}$ |
| For items per day | $=$ SCAL $=86400 / \mathrm{bin} . \mathrm{t}$ |

For an online calculator to choose the best settings for you, please see
https://www.Iondon-electronics.com/int4-c-production-rate-calculator/

## Quadrature Mode

The quadrature mode allows you to scale a count and increase or decrease the value according to the sequencing of two pulses which are 90 degrees out of phase. This mode is ideal for measuring distance in pay-out/feed-in cable systems, or direction in rotary systems.


You can move the decimal point during setting by pressing the UP button for a few seconds, then repeatedly press to shift the position. A negative value will give down counting.


PRES will appear, prompting you to enter a number to start counting from. The display will revert to this value whenever it is reset. Often used to count down from the preset to 0 .


## Quadrature Mode - Application Notes

In a quadrature sensor, the two incoming pulses overlap. Pulses to input 1 will arrive before or after pulses to input 2, depending on the direction of movement. This is achieved by staggering the trigger zones for sensor A and B. They must overlap, so that one will lead the other in one direction, and vice-versa. Trigger zones on large rotating wheels can be bolt heads or holes. In small angular encoders, the trigger zones are normally etched into a thin disc or are photographically produced to make light and dark areas.


Sensor A triggers before sensor B
Sensor B triggers before sensor A

In the simplified arrangement shown above, we get 4 pulses per revolution, because we have 4 pairs of triggers. The angular resolution we get with this arrangement is 90 degrees. Some sensors have 1024 pulses per revolution, giving 0.35 degree resolution, but there are many different arrangements available. Our scheme above would be typical in cable laying applications, where it is more important to count revolutions of the drum than to know its absolute angle. The trigger zones can also be arranged in a straight line instead of around a circumference, to create a sensor for linear displacement.

Please be sure to check that the sensor's maximum output frequency is kept to less than 10000 pulses per second.

## QURD

## Quadrature counter

Pulses on input 1 are counted and scaled, with directional information decided by detecting whether pulses for Input 2 arrive before or after pulses for Input 1

Signal I/P \& Excitation


## Logic Input Functions

The three contact closure inputs on the rear of the meter have default functions which are:-

Contact closure 1 = Tare
Contact closure 2 = Peak/Valley display
Contact closure $3=$ Reset
You can re-assign these to include :HOLD, Nett/Gross value display, Memory page address 1,2 or 4 (only if Multi-memory MEM option is installed)

2

Press repeatedly until you see [c. 1, followed by the existing function for Contact Closure 1.
After you have set $[\mathbb{C}$. I, you will get the prompt [C. 2 to allow you to set Contact Closure 2 function and when you have set CC. 2 you will get the prompt [C. $\exists$ to allow you to set Contact Closure 3 function


[^0]
## Logic Input Connections \& Front Buttons

The previous page explained how to select the functions of the 3 logic inputs. You can connect remote contact closures or open NPN collectors to activate these logic inputs.

The logic input provides a 5V DC signal. When you connect this to common, a current of 1 mA will flow. Because this is a small signal, we recommend you use switches with gold plated contacts, or self cleaning contacts, for best long term reliability.

The logic inputs are not galvanically isolated from the input signal.
The logic inputs are only activated when the lockout switch is ON


TRRE $\quad=\quad$ Tares display to 0 . Often used in weighing systems to zero a display prior to making a measurement. Net weight is shown once tared. When a display has been tared the small LED above the Set1 button will be illuminated.
PV $\quad=\quad$ Peak/Valley toggle. Allows you to view the maximum and minimum values which have been displayed since last reset. 0\% LED illuminates when showing valley, $100 \%$ LED illuminates when showing peak.

RST $=$ Reset. This clears any tare, peak, valley, alarm latch
HOLD $\quad=\quad$ Freezes the displayed value for as long as the Hold input is closed
MT.GR = Allows you to toggle between Nett and Gross values on the display
PR. $1 . .4=$ Page Addresses, if MEM option is installed.

## Last Digit Rounding Up By 1, 2, 5, 10, 20 or 50

You can adjust the way the display rounds up, which is useful if you want to display a very large number, but do not want jitter on the last digit.

The display can be set to round up to the nearest 1 (no rounding) 2, 5, 10, 20 or 50


## Scale Factor Adjustment

After you have calibrated your meter, you can use the SCALE feature to make fine adjustments to calibration, without affecting the calibration itself.

## Example

1. Changing weight units of measure from kg to pounds

You could also use the SCALE to convert your readout from kg to pounds, without affecting the calibration. Simply set SCALE $=2.205$ and your meter which was calibrated in kg will now read in pounds.

## 2. Correcting for gravitational variance

Your weighing system was calibrated where gravitational acceleration $=9.812 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s} 2$ (London) You then move the system to Bangkok where gravitational acceleration is reduced to $9.782 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s} 2$

You can correct for this difference by setting Scale $=9.812$ / $9.782=1.003$, so that a given mass in Bangkok will show the same weight as it did in London. Set Offset $=$ 0.0000 See http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Earth\'s_gravity


You may want to adjust an offset value also, see separate OFFSET page for this feature.

## Offset Adjustment

After you have calibrated your meter, you can use the OF. 5T feature to make fine additions or subtractions to the reading, without affecting the calibration itself.


You may want to adjust a SCALE FACTOR value also, without affecting calibration. See the separate SCALE page for this feature.

## Menu Timeout Adjustment

The display has a default timeout of 60 seconds, to allow you sufficient time to refer to the manual between key operations.

You can make this period shorter, if you wish, once you become more familiar with the setup method.


## Reverse Display Function (Mirror Image)

If you need to be able to see a reflection of the display in a mirror or other reflective surface, for example in a simple heads-up system, or for drivers reversing into a bay, using mirrors only, you can set the display to show as a mirror image.



Example of normal display format displaying the number 876543


Example of Mirror Reverse display format displaying the number 876543

## Bootup Routine \＆Tare Save Choices

When you switch on your meter，it can be set to power up with 3 possible summary message combinations．

The choices are：－
BT $\mathrm{B}=$ Segment test，followed by a full summary of software revision， calibration audit number，model number，installed options．
BT I＝Segment test followed by model number（Default）
日T 己＝No summary，meter displays the measurement value immediately power is applied．
BT $\exists=$ All segments illuminate permanently，until a button is pressed．


You can trigger the full summary message whenever you want，without having to power the meter off，by pressing and holding the 2 outer buttons（Se ti＋Alarms）for more than 3 seconds．

## Language Selection for User Interface

You can select English or French menu prompts.


## Multi-Program Memory Option ‘MEM'

The three contact closure inputs on the rear of the meter may be used to call up between 1 to 7 additional meter setup memories (pages), if the MEM option has been installed. This allows you to save up to 8 complete sets of independent calibrations, alarm settings, analogue output settings and serial comms settings.

First decide how many memory pages you want, as this will determine how many logic inputs you will need to use for the addressing. Logic inputs not required for Page Addressing can be used for other functions such as Tare, Reset, Display Hold, Peak/ Valley display.

If you have used all 3 logic inputs for Page Addressing, you can still use the meter's front panel buttons to perform tare, Reset and peak/Valley view.

See "Contact Closure Input Functions" page for CC.1, CC.2, CC. 3 \& COP settings

| Total number of pages | Logic Inputs required for addressing |
| :---: | :--- |
| 1 | none, standard single page meter |
| 2 | 1 Set CC. $1=$ PA. 1 |
| 3 or 4 | 2 Set CC. $1=$ PA. 1, Set CC. $2=$ PA. 2 |
| 5 to 8 | 3 Set CC. $1=$ PA. 1, Set CC. $2=$ PA. 2, Set CC. $3=$ PA. 4 |

1. Set lockout switches OFF, and set page address to 0 or unplug the logic connector.
2. Set the copy instruction to [OP. I in page address 0 ( found after you set CC3) .
3. Press all 4 buttons together, display shows DEF . M
4. Press the Up arrow to change display to DEF . 4 and press OK.
5. If you want all channels to share a common setting, eg. calibration, do that setting now.
6. When you want to do separate settings for each channel, set COP. 0

## Programming and recalling individual pages

Plug the logic input connector back in, if you removed it earlier. Select a page address using the switch combinations shown below, wired to the Logic Input connector ...

Page address 0
Page address 1
Page address 2
Page address 3
Page address 4
Page address 5
Page address 6
Page address 7

All logic inputs open
CC. 1 closed to Common
CC. 2 closed to Common
CC. 1 and CC. 2 closed to Common
CC. 3 closed to Common
CC. 1 and CC. 3 closed to Common
CC. 2 and CC. 3 closed to Common

All logic inputs closed to Common


Perform the settings you require, according to the pages in this manual. Do this for all page addresses required. Then put the lockout switch in its ON position. Now, if you select a page address, the meter will briefly confirm the chosen page address on screen, and will then function according to the settings you programmed for that address.

Suitable BCD coded switches are available from many electrical supply stores. For example consider Kraus \& Naimer part A540-600 E24 or Apem part number IRBC10N1248 or London Electronics part number SW2P-8W-BCD, which also provides separate 2 pole 8 way signal selection function.

## Error Codes \& Fault Findings



1. Under Range. The meter is being asked to display a value which is more negative than its limit of -1999
2. Over Range. The meter is being asked to display a value which is higher than its limit of 9999

These fault codes could be displayed because the signal scale factor has been set too large or because the input frequency is too high.
3. Display is reading much higher than you expect and may also be erratic. This could be caused by contact bounce if you are using a contact closure input - be sure that the contact debounce is enabled 0 .
4. Total is not saved on power-down in a DC powered totaliser.

This could be caused by converting a DC powered INT4-P, INT4-L, INT4-S etc to an INT4-C. If you have converted one of these models to INT4-C, simply by changing the input board, you will find that total is not stored at power-down. You will need to fit a powerdown control module, part number 9122-0401 to the display control board.


## How To Install Option Boards



Where the product is intended for "UL" installations removal or addition of option boards is not permitted.


Warning: Disconnect power before you expose the internals of the display

If you want to open your display to install or modify option boards, follow these steps...

1) Switch off power to the display and unplug all connectors.
2) Undo all the thumb screws on the rear case, store them safely and remove the back panel
3) Locate the main option board, which will be similar in appearance to the diagram below. If a main option board is absent, which will be the case if the display was ordered without any output options, then a main option board will need to be fitted.

The board assemblies will look like this...


The analogue output and RS232 or RS422 plug-in option boards are fixed to the main option board with white plastic pillars. You must apply a firm force when fitting or removing these options.

Always be careful to connect the pins to sockets accurately. When reassembling, make sure option boards are firmly fixed to the upper option board.

## Waste Electrical Electronic Equipment (WEEE)

In Europe, this equipment must be disposed of in accordance with European parliamentary Directive 2002/96/EC

This directive encourages recycling and the reduction of waste materials in the environment.
This means it must be sent to an approved recycling plant if you want to dispose of it.
It must not be thrown away with general rubbish.


If you are unable to dispose of this item locally, you may send it to us for recycling.

## Conditions:

1. We will only accept items of our manufacture.
2. You must pay for the transport of the goods to us.
3. We will only accept items if they include a signed declaration by an authorised person in your organisation, stating that :-
i. The item is safe to handle and has no contaminants which may be harmful to health.
ii. You wish us to dispose of or destroy the item(s)

## Equipment Specifications

| TECHNICAL DATA |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Digit Height (inches) | 2" | 4" | $6{ }^{\prime \prime}$ | $8 "$ | $12^{\prime \prime}$ | $16^{\prime \prime}$ | 24" | $32^{\prime \prime}$ | $48^{\prime \prime}$ |
| Digit Height (mm) | 57 mm | 102 mm | 150 mm | 200 mm | 300 mm | 400 mm | 600 mm | 800 mm | 1200 mm |
| Viewing Distance (feet) | 75 ft | 150 ft | 225 ft | 300 ft | 450 ft | 600 ft | 900 ft | 1200 ft | 1800 ft |
| Viewing Distance (metres) | 25m | 50m | 75 m | 100m | 150m | 200m | 300 m | 400m | 600m |
| Number of Digits | 4 or 6 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Digit Format | 8.8.8.8. or 8.8.8.8.8.8. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Input Signal | NPN, PNP, Contact Closure, 24 V logic, AC tachometer, 100 mV passive Inductance pick up |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Accuracy | +/- 0.05\% of range |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Excitation Voltage | 24 V @ 30mA |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Digit Colour | Blue, green, red, white or yellow |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Brightness | Indoor or outdoor with 7 levels of adjustment |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Power Supply | $95-265 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{AC}$ (standard), 11-30V DC (optional), 48V AC (optional) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Power Burden | 40VA maximum |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mounting | Brackets supplied for wall, suspension or panel mounting |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Front Panel Controls | Up to 200 mm high digits, above 200 mm high digits requires an optional wired or wireless controller |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Logic Inputs | $3 \times$ NPN or contact closure for TARE, PEAK/VALLEY and RESET |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Environmental |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Enclosure Material | Heavy duty welded uPVC |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lens Material | Acrylic |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sealing | IP65 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Storage Temperature | $-20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, non-condensing |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operating Temperature | $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, non-condensing |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Extended Operating Temperature | $-25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, non-condensing (with optional heater fitted inside display) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Connectors | Internal detachable screw terminal connectors accessed via compression glands |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Analogue Output (optional) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ANB Option | -10 to +10 V into loads $>1 \mathrm{k}$ Ohms, resolution 0.4 mV |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ANI Option | $0-20 \mathrm{~mA}$ or $4-20 \mathrm{~mA}$ into loads $<500$ Ohms, resolution 0.4 uA |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ANV Option | $0-10 \mathrm{~V}$ into loads $>1 \mathrm{k}$ Ohms, resolution 0.2 mV |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Scaling | Fully adjustable, direct or inverse. Can be derived from GROSS or NETT value |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Response Speed | Derived from displayed value, updated $\times 10$ per second, display filtering applies to analogue output |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Linearisation | Derived from displayed value |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Isolation | 250 V AC optically isolated from input, logic, excitation, power, alarms and data output ports |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Accuracy | +/- 0.1\% of range |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Linearity | +/- 0.02\% of range |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Stability | +/- $50 \mathrm{ppm} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Alarm Outputs (optional) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| AL2 and AL4 Option | 2 or $4 \times$ SPST mechanical relays, 2A @ 250V AC, resistive load |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| DSS and QSS Option | 2 or $4 \times$ solid state relays, specify AC or DC, 100 mA max @ 250V AC, 500mA max @ 60V DC |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| SPCO Option | $2 \times$ SPCO mechanical relays, 2A @ 250 V AC, resistive load |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Response Speed | For mechanical relays allow 105 mS , for solid state relays allow 100 mS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Data Output (optional) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 232 Option | RS232 ASCII |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 485 Option | RS422/RS485 ASCII + Modbus ASCII |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| RTU Option | Modbus RTU |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Response Speed | Derived from displayed value, updated $\times 10$ per second, display filtering applies to data output |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Isolation | 250 V AC optically isolated from input, logic, excitation, power, alarms and analogue output ports |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## Record of Revisions

6 September 2010

1 February 2011
3 February 2011
28 February 2011
22 August 2011
20 March 2017
1 February 2019 Corrected target and filtering text errors.
12 September 2022
20 September 2022
20 June 2024
Version F00.20 software released.
Version F00.21 software released
Warranty increased to 3 years and terms added.
Corrected remote programmer connector details
F4 software released

Amended helper URL for Production Rate mode
Amended UKCA certification

Version F00.18 Software released. Manual format revised to improve clarity and segregate easy from advanced menu functions. Optional outputs now described in their own dedicated manuals. Cabling guidance added.

Backing screws changed to 'M3x8 Socket Flange Button Head Screws'

## Declaration of UK \& CE Conformity

## Declaration Reference : INTUITIVE Mk4 Issue Date : 20 September 2022 Products Covered Title <br> : INTUITIVE Mk4 series <br> : DOC-INTUITIVE4

We hereby self-certify that the design and manufacture of this product conforms with the UKCA and CE standards, by complying with the directives and standards below.

Electrical Equipment (Safety) Regulations, 2016 and amendments Low
Voltage Directive 2014/35/EU
BS EN 61010-1 : 2010 + A1 : 2019
Electromagnetic Compatibility Regulations, 2016 and amendments
EMC Directive 2014/30/EU
EN 61326-1 : 2013
Immunity for equipment intended to be used in an industrial electromagnetic environment.
Maximum errors of $1 \%$ of dynamic range are permitted.
Instrument must recover automatically from disturbance.
Restriction of the Use of Certain Hazardous Substances in Electrical and Electronic Equipment Regulations, 2012 and amendments
RoHS2 directive incorporating RoHS3 Amendment 2015/863/EU
EN IEC 63000: 2018

## Conditions

The meters are permitted a worst case error of $1 \%$ of $A / D$ range during electro-magnetic disturbance, and must recover automatically when disturbance ceases without the need for human intervention, such as resetting, power-down etc.

The meters covered by this certificate must be installed in adherence to the following conditions :-
Signal cabling shall be routed separately to power carrying cabling (includes relay output wiring)
All signal cabling shall be screened. The screen shall only be terminated to the power earth terminal at the meter end of the cable.

Declared as true and correct, for and on behalf of London Electronics Ltd.
J.R.Lees Director


[^0]:    * Only available if the Multi-memory MEM option is installed

